

8503B0000

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**HYDROGEN  
THYRATRON**

The data to be read in conjunction with the Hydrogen Thyatron Prescribe.

**ABRIDGED DATA**

Hydrogen-filled triode thyatron, positive grid, for pulse operation. A hydrogen reservoir is incorporated. Electrically superior to 5C22 and ruggedized to meet the requirements of airborne applications. Environmental tests applied to the tube include linear acceleration at 12 g, and vibration at 1/2 g minimum acceleration and 150 Hz frequency or at the frequency of maximum resonance in the range between 10 and 150 Hz.

Peak forward anode voltage	20	kV max
Peak anode current	325	A max
Average anode current	500	mA max
Anode heating factor	$3.9 \times 10^9$	V.A.p.s. max
Peak output power	2.6	MW max

**GENERAL**

**Electrical**

Cathode (connected internally to one end of heater)	oxide coated
Heater voltage	6.3 ± 7.5% V
Heater current	10.6 A
Tube heating time (minimum)	3.0 min

**Mechanical**

Overall length	8.750 inches (222.3 mm) max
Overall diameter	2.563 inches (65.1 mm) max
Net weight	12 ounces (350 g) approx
Mounting position	any
Clamping	see note 1
Base	BAD, bayonet
Top cap	B.S.448-CT3
Cooling	natural

## PULSE MODULATOR SERVICE

### MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RATINGS (Absolute values)

Anode	Min	Max	
Peak forward anode voltage (see note 2)	-	20	kV
Peak inverse anode voltage (see note 3)	-	20	kV
Peak anode current	-	325	A
Average anode current	-	500	mA
Rate of rise of anode current (see note 4)	-	1500	A/μs
Anode heating factor	-	3.9 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	V.A.p.s.

### Grid

Unloaded grid drive pulse voltage (see note 5)	200	-	V
Grid pulse duration	2.0	-	μs
Rate of rise of grid pulse (see note 4)	180	-	V/μs
Peak inverse grid voltage	-	200	V
Loaded grid bias voltage	0	-120	V
Forward impedance of grid drive circuit	50	500	Ω

### Cathode

Heater voltage	6.3 ± 7%	-	V
Tube heating time	3.0	-	min

### Environmental

Environmental performance	-50	+90	see note 6
Ambient temperature	-	10 000	°C
Altitude	-	3	ft
	-	-	km

## CHARACTERISTICS

	Min	Typical	Max	
Critical d.c. anode voltage for conduction (see note 7)	-	0.3	1.0	kV
Anode delay time (see notes 7 and 8)	-	0.3	0.65	μs
Anode delay time drift (see notes 7 and 9)	-	0.05	0.1	μs
Time jitter (see notes 7 and 10)	-	3.0	5.0	ns
Recovery time	-	-	see note 11 and curves	A
Heater current (at 6.3 V)	9.6	10.6	11.6	A
Additional tests	-	-	-	see note 12

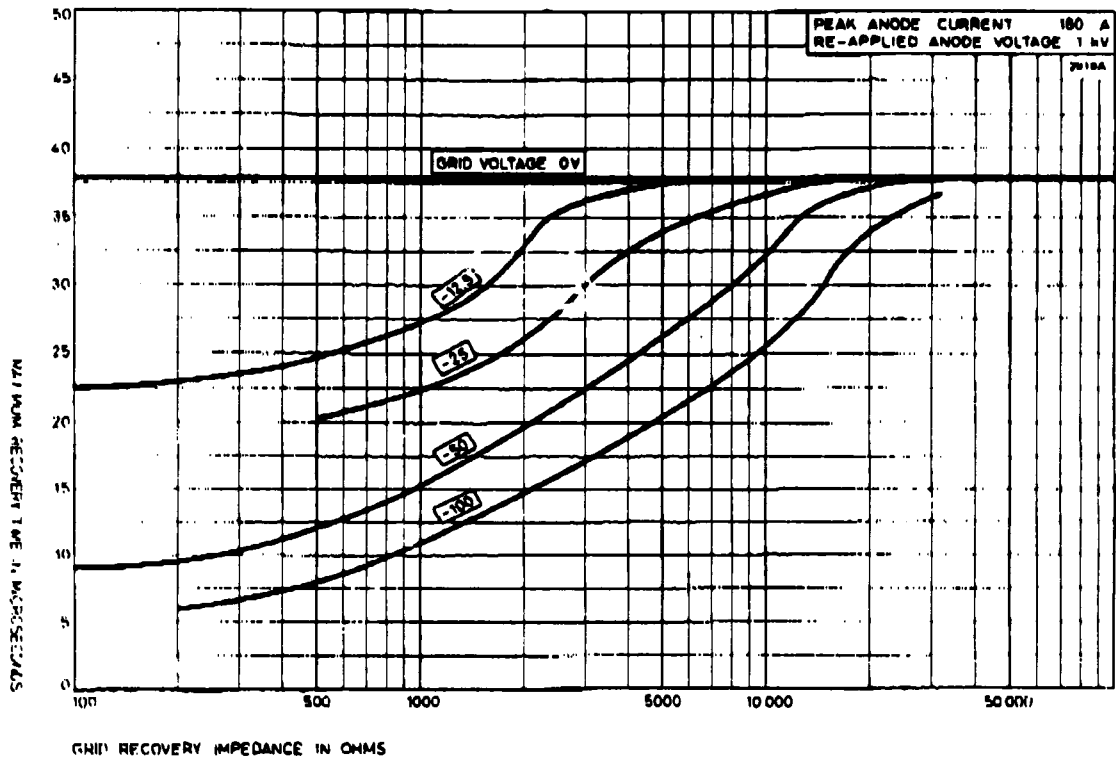
**(c) Vibration Fatigue** Each tube is subjected to vibration for two periods of ten hours. In one period the direction of vibration is parallel to the longitudinal axis of the tube, and in the other the direction is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the tube. The acceleration is 1/2 g and the frequency is that of the strongest resonance detected during the resonance search. If no resonances were detected in the search, then a frequency of 150 Hz is used. A heater voltage of 6.3 V is applied during the test.

- 7. Tubes must pass operational tests after the above procedure has been completed.
- 8. The typical figures are obtained on test using conditions of minimum grid drive. Improved performance can be expected by increasing the grid drive.
- 9. The time interval between a point on the leading edge of the unloaded grid pulse at 25% of the pulse amplitude and the point where anode conduction takes place.
- 10. Normally taken as the drift in delay time over a 5-minute run at full ratings between the second and seventh minutes of operation.
- 11. The variation of firing time measured at 50% of current pulse amplitude.
- 12. The recovery characteristics are controlled on a sampling basis.
- 13. In addition to operational testing at pulse repetition rates of 800 and 1000 p.p.s. on all tubes, an additional test at 2500 p.p.s., 12.5 kV, is performed on a sampling basis.

**X-RAY WARNINGS**

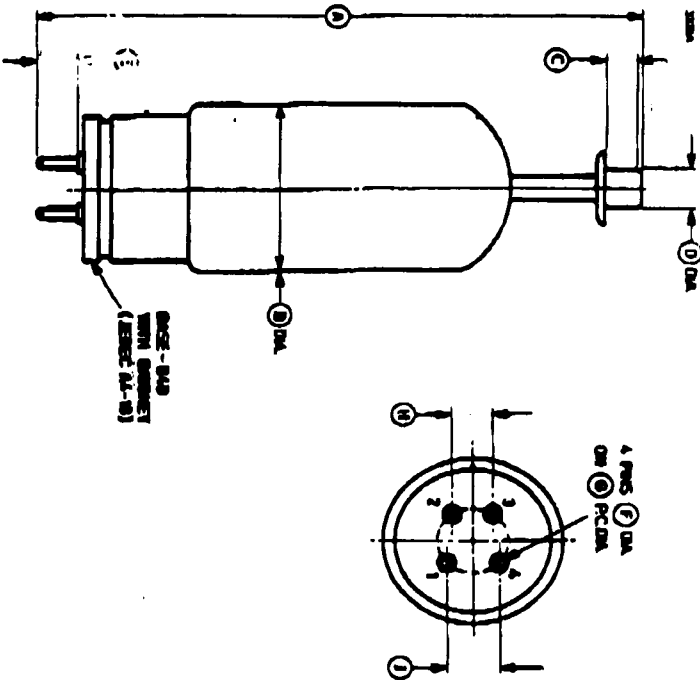
X-rays are emitted by the 8503B from the region of the anode, but the radiation is usually reduced to a safe level by the metal panels of the equipment in which the tube operates.

**MAXIMUM RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS**



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**OUTLINE (All dimensions without limits are maximum)**



Ref	Inches	Millimetres	Pin	Element
A	8.500 ± 0.250	215.9 ± 6.4	1	Grid
B	2.563 max	65.10 max	2	Heater, cathode
C	0.376 min	9.53 min	3	Heater
D	0.566 ± 0.007	14.38 ± 0.18	4	Cathode
E	0.625	15.88		Anode
F	0.187 ± 0.003	4.750 ± 0.076		
G	1.000	25.40		
H	0.562	14.27		
J	0.750	19.05		

Millimetre dimensions have been derived from inches.

**NOTES**

1. The tube should preferably be clamped by the base only. A clamp used on the bulb must not extend beyond 4 1/4 inches (108 mm) above the top of the base and should be made from material of low thermal conductivity.
2. This is the maximum forward hold-off voltage imposed on the thyatron in a pulse modulator circuit. All tubes are tested at:—
  - (a) 18 kV peak forward anode voltage, with the charging reactor inductance and pulse forming network capacitance resonant 1000 p.p.s.
  - (b) 20 kV peak forward anode voltage, 400 A peak current, 2.0 μs pulse duration and 500 p.p.s.
 For instantaneous starting applications the maximum permissible peak forward voltage is 13.5 kV; this must not be reached in less than 0.04 second and there must be no overshoot.
3. In pulsed operation the peak inverse anode voltage, exclusive of a spike of 0.05 microsecond duration, must not exceed 5.0 kV during the first 25 microseconds after the p.p.s.
4. This rate of rise refers to that part of the leading edge of the pulse between 25% and 75% of the pulse amplitude.
5. Measured with respect to cathode potential.
6. All tubes are subjected to an acceleration of 10 g at 50 r before testing. In addition, samples are tested under the following conditions:
  - (a) **Linear Acceleration** 12 g (min) is applied and maintained for 1 minute at right angles to and in each direction along the major axis of the tube. A heater voltage of 6.3 V is applied during the test.
  - (b) **Resonance Search** Vibration is applied in two mutually perpendicular directions, one of which is parallel to the longitudinal axis of the tube. The frequency is swept at a rate not exceeding one octave per minute between 10 and 150 Hz, with accelerations of 1/2 g (min). All resonances detectable visually or electrically are noted for information and also for use in test (c) Normal operating voltages are applied during the test.